AMENDED IN SENATE MAY 31, 2016 AMENDED IN SENATE MARCH 15, 2016

SENATE BILL

No. 987

Introduced by Senator McGuire

February 10, 2016

An act to add Part 17 (commencing with Section 37001) to Division 2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, relating to medical—marijuana. marijuana, and making an appropriation therefor.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 987, as amended, McGuire. Taxation: medical *Medical* marijuana: Marijuana Value Tax *User Fee* Act.

Existing law, the Compassionate Use Act of 1996, an initiative measure enacted by the approval of Proposition 215 at the November 5, 1996, statewide general election, allows the use of marijuana for medical purposes. The Medical Marijuana Regulation and Safety Act, operative beginning on January 1, 2016, provides for the licensure and regulation of commercial medical marijuana activity, as specified. The Fee Collection Procedures Law, the violation of which is a crime, provides procedures for the collection of certain fees and surcharges.

This bill would enact the Marijuana User Fee Act. The bill, on and after January 1, 2018, unless a specified initiative is passed by the voters at the November 8, 2016, statewide general election, would impose an excise tax a fee on the consumption or other use in this state of medical marijuana purchased from any retailer for the consumption or other use in this state at the rate of 15% of the sales price of the medical marijuana. This bill would provide that a purchaser is liable for that tax fee and would require every retailer engaged in business in this state and making sales of medical marijuana to a purchaser for the consumption or other

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use in this state to separately state and collect the tax fee from a purchaser, as specified. This bill would also make specific violations of this bill a crime, thereby imposing a state-mandated local program.

This bill would require the State Board of Equalization to administer and collect the tax fee in accordance with the Fee Collection Procedures Law. By expanding the application of the Fee Collection Procedures Law, the violation of which is a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. The bill would require a retailer to register for a permit with the board, to prepare and file with the board returns, and to remit the tax fee quarterly. The bill would require that all revenues, less refunds, be remitted to the State Board of Equalization and deposited in the Marijuana Value Tax User Fee Fund, which the bill would establish.

This bill would require moneys in the Marijuana Value Tax User Fee Fund to be allocated by the Controller in specified percentages to the General Fund and, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to the Bureau of Medical Marijuana Regulation for the administration of a grant program to distribute grants to local agencies, including districts, as defined, that oversee or are affected by the regulation of cultivating, processing, manufacturing, distributing, and selling of medical marijuana, or that undertake enforcement activities pertaining to the cultivation of marijuana; the Department of Parks and Recreation for the stewardship, operation, maintenance, and preservation of state park units; and to counties for allocation to city human services departments counties, as defined, for drug and alcohol treatment programs. By requiring counties to allocate funds to city human services departments, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. The bill, commencing in 2018, and at least every other year thereafter, would require the Legislative Analyst to review and evaluate the fee, and provide a report on the fee to specified committees of the Legislature. The bill would also require funds to be advanced to the Marijuana User Fee Fund as a General Fund or special fund loan, would authorize the Director of Finance to provide an initial operating loan from the General Fund, and would appropriate to the board funds so advanced or loaned to the board for the implementation and administration of the act.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

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This bill would provide that with regard to certain mandates no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

With regard to any other mandates, this bill would provide that, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that the bill contains costs so mandated by the state, reimbursement for those costs shall be made pursuant to the statutory provisions noted above.

This bill would include a change in state statute that would result in a taxpayer paying a higher tax within the meaning of Section 3 of Article XIII A of the California Constitution, and thus would require for passage the approval of ½ of the membership of each house of the Legislature.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Vote: $\frac{2}{3}$. Appropriation: no-yes. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. The Legislature finds and declares that edible cannabis products, as defined in Section 19300.5 of the Business and Professions Code and as applicable to Section 2 of this act, are not considered a food product for purposes of Section 34 of Article XIII of the California Constitution.

SEC. 2. Part 17 (commencing with Section 37001) is added to Division 2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, to read:

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PART 17. MARIJUANA VALUE TAX USER FEE ACT

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- 37001. This part is known, and may be cited, as the "Marijuana Value Tax User Fee Act."
- 13 37002. For purposes of this part, the following definitions shall apply:
- (a) "Local agency" includes any city, county, special district,
 authority, or other political subdivision of the state.

17 (a)

- 18 (b) "Medical marijuana" means medical cannabis as defined in
- 19 Section 19300.5 of the Business and Professions Code.

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1 (b)

2 (c) "Person" means person as defined in Section 55002.

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(d) "Primary caregiver" means a person who is exempt from the licensure requirements of the Medical Marijuana Regulation and Safety Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 19300) of Division 8 of the Business and Professions Code) pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 19319 of the Business and Professions Code.

10 (d)

(e) "Purchaser" means a person that purchases medical marijuana for consumption or other use in this state.

13 (e)

(f) "Qualified patient" means a person who is entitled to the protections of the Compassionate Use Act of 1996 (Section 11362.5 of the Health and Safety Code).

17 (f)

(g) "Retail sale" or "sale at retail" means a sale for any purpose other than resale in the regular course of business in the form of medical marijuana.

(g)

- (h) (1) "Retailer" includes every person that makes any retail sale or sales of medical marijuana. "Retailer" also includes a person holding a dispensary license issued pursuant to the Medical Marijuana Regulation and Safety Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 19300) of Division 8 of the Business and Professions Code).
- (2) Every person making more than two retail sales of medical marijuana during any 12-month period shall be considered a retailer within the provisions of this part.

(h)

(i) "Retailer engaged in business in this state" means any retailer that has substantial nexus with this state for purposes of the commerce clause of the United States Constitution and any retailer upon whom federal law permits this state to impose a—tax fee collection duty.

37 (i)

38 (*j*) (1) "Sale" or "purchase" means and includes any transfer 39 of title or possession, exchange, or barter, conditional or otherwise, 40 in any manner or by any means whatsoever, of medical marijuana _5_ SB 987

for a consideration. "Transfer of possession" includes only transactions found by the board to be in lieu of a transfer of title, exchange, or barter.

- (2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), "sale" or "purchase" does not include the transfer of title or possession, exchange, or barter of medical marijuana for a consideration between a qualified patient and his or her primary caregiver.
 - (i)

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- (k) "Sales price" means the total amount for which medical marijuana is sold, valued in money, whether paid in money or otherwise, without any deduction on account of the cost of any expenses.
 - (k)
- (1) "Use" includes the exercise of any right or power over medical marijuana incident to the ownership of that medical marijuana, except that it does not include the sale of that medical marijuana in the regular course of business.
- 37003. On and after January 1, 2018, there is hereby imposed an excise tax *a fee* on the consumption or other use in this state of medical marijuana purchased from any retailer for the consumption or other use in this state at the rate of 15 percent of the sales price of the medical marijuana.
- 37004. (a) Every purchaser consuming or otherwise using in this state medical marijuana that the purchaser purchased from a retailer for consumption or other use in this state is liable for the tax fee imposed by Section 37003. That purchaser's liability is not extinguished until the tax fee has been paid to this state except that a receipt from a retailer engaged in business in this state given to a purchaser pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (b) is sufficient to relieve the purchaser from further liability for the tax fee to which the receipt refers.
- (b) (1) Every retailer engaged in business in this state and making sales of medical marijuana to a purchaser shall, at the time of making such a sale, collect the tax fee as a charge separate from, and not included in, any other fee, charge, or other amount paid by the purchaser.
- (2) Every retailer engaged in business in this state shall collect the tax fee from the purchaser and give to the purchaser a receipt therefor in the manner and form prescribed by the board.

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(c) The board shall administer and collect the tax fee imposed by this part pursuant to the Fee Collection Procedures Law (Part 30 (commencing with Section 55001)), except that Article 1.1 (commencing with Section 55050) of Chapter 3 of that part shall not apply. For purposes of this part, the references in the Fee Collection Procedures Law to "fee" shall include the tax imposed by this part, and references to "feepayer" shall include a person required to pay the tax imposed by this part.

- (d) (1) The—tax fee required to be collected by the retailer engaged in business in this state, any—tax fee collected from a purchaser that has not been remitted to the board, and any amount unreturned to a purchaser which is not—tax the fee, but was collected from the purchaser under the representation by the retailer that it was—tax the fee, constitutes debts owed by the retailer to this state.
- (2) A retailer is relieved from liability to collect-tax the fee that became due and payable, insofar as the measure of the-tax fee is represented by accounts that have been found to be worthless and charged off by the retailer in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A retailer that has previously paid the amount of the-tax fee may, under rules and regulations prescribed by the board, take as a deduction on its return the amount found worthless and charged off by the retailer. If these accounts are thereafter in whole or in part collected by the retailer, the amount collected shall be included in the first return filed after the collection and the amount of the-tax fee shall be paid with the return.
- (3) The board may by regulation promulgate such other rules with respect to uncollected or worthless accounts as it shall deem necessary to the fair and efficient administration of this part.
- (e) It is unlawful for any retailer to advertise or hold out or state to the public or to any purchaser, directly or indirectly, that the tax fee or any part thereof will be assumed or absorbed by the retailer or that it will not be added to the selling price of the medical marijuana sold or that if added it or any part thereof will be refunded. Any person violating this subdivision is guilty of a misdemeanor.
- (f) (1) The—tax fee required to be collected by the retailer engaged in business in this state from the purchaser shall be displayed separately from the list price, the price advertised in the premises, the marked price, or other price of the medical marijuana

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on the sales check or other proof of sales. Any person violating this subdivision paragraph is guilty of a misdemeanor.

- (2) Except as otherwise required by paragraph (1), the fee required to be collected by the retailer engaged in business in this state from the purchaser shall be included in any list price, marked price, or any other advertised or quoted price of medical marijuana provided or displayed by the retailer engaged in business in this state
- (g) (1) The board may prescribe, adopt, and enforce regulations relating to the administration and enforcement of this part.
- (2) The board may prescribe, adopt, and enforce any emergency regulations as necessary to implement this part. Any emergency regulation prescribed, adopted, or enforced pursuant to this section shall be adopted in accordance with Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code, and, for purposes of that chapter, including Section 11349.6 of the Government Code, the adoption of the regulation is an emergency and shall be considered by the Office of Administrative Law as necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health and safety, and general welfare.
- (h) (1) The tax fee imposed by this part is due and payable to the board quarterly on or before the last day of the month next succeeding each quarterly period.
- (2) On or before the last day of the month following each quarterly period, a return for the preceding quarterly period shall be filed using electronic media with the board. Returns shall be authenticated in a form or pursuant to methods as may be prescribed by the board.
- 37005. (a) A retailer required to collect the tax fee imposed under this part shall register for a permit with the board. Every application for registration shall be made in a form prescribed by the board and shall set forth the name under which the applicant transacts or intends to transact business, the location of the retailer's place or places of business, and any other information that the board may require. An application for registration shall be authenticated in a form or pursuant to methods as may be prescribed by the board.
- (b) The board shall grant and issue to each applicant that complies with subdivision (a) a separate permit for each place of business within the state.

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(c) A permit issued pursuant to this section is not assignable and is valid only for the person in whose name it is issued and for the transaction of business at the place designated therein. It shall at all times be conspicuously displayed at the place for which it is issued.

37005.3. Whenever any retailer fails to comply with any provision of this part or any rules or regulations of the board prescribed and adopted under this part, the board upon hearing, after giving the retailer at least 10 days' notice in writing specifying the time and place of the hearing and requiring the retailer to show cause why the permit should not be revoked, may revoke or suspend the permit held by the retailer. The board shall give to the retailer written notice of the suspension or revocation of any of the retailer's permits. The notices herein required may be served personally or by mail in the manner prescribed for service of notice of a deficiency determination. The board shall not issue a new permit after the revocation of a permit unless it is satisfied that the former holder of the permit will comply with the provisions of this part and the regulations of the board prescribed and adopted under this part.

- 37005.5. (a) The board may refuse to issue a permit to any person submitting an application for a permit as required in Section 37005 if the person desiring to engage in or conduct business as a retailer within this state has an outstanding final liability with the board for any amount due under this part.
- (b) The board may also refuse to issue a permit if the person desiring to engage in or conduct business as a retailer within this state is not a natural person or individual and any person controlling the person desiring to engage in or conduct business as a seller within this state has an outstanding final liability with the board as provided in subdivision (a). For the purposes of this section, "controlling" has the same meaning as defined in Section 22971 of the Business and Professions Code.
- (c) For purposes of this section, a liability will not be deemed to be outstanding if the person has entered into an installment payment agreement pursuant to Section 55209 for any liability and is in full compliance with the terms of the installment payment agreement.
- (d) If the person submitting an application for a permit pursuant to Section 37005 has entered into an installment payment

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agreement as provided in subdivision (c) and fails to comply with the terms of the installment payment agreement, the board may seek revocation of the person's permit pursuant to this section.

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- (e) (1) Whenever any person desiring to engage in or conduct business as a retailer within this state is denied a permit pursuant to this section, the board shall give to the person written notice of the denial. The notice of the denial may be served personally, by mail, or by other means deemed appropriate by the board. If served by mail, the notice shall be placed in a sealed envelope, with postage paid, addressed to the person at the address as it appears in the records of the board. The giving of notice shall be deemed complete at the time of deposit of the notice at the United States Postal Service, or a mailbox, subpost office, substation or mail chute, or other facility regularly maintained or provided by the United States Postal Service, without extension of time for any reason. In lieu of mailing, a notice may be served personally by delivering to the person to be served and service shall be deemed complete at the time of the delivery. Delivery of notice by other means deemed appropriate by the board may include, but is not limited to, electronic transmission. Personal service or delivery by other means deemed appropriate by the board to a corporation may be made by delivery of a notice to any person listed on the application as an officer.
- (2) Any person that is denied a permit pursuant to this section may request reconsideration of the board's denial of the permit. This request shall be submitted in writing within 30 days of the date of the notice of denial. Timely submission of a written request for reconsideration shall afford the person a hearing in a manner that is consistent with a hearing provided for by Section 37005.3. If a request for reconsideration is not filed within the 30-day period, the denial becomes final at the end of the 30-day period.
- (f) The board shall consider offers in compromise when determining whether to issue a permit.
- 37006. (a) The Marijuana Value Tax User Fee Fund is hereby established in the State Treasury. All revenues, less refunds, collected pursuant to this part shall be made in remittances to the board and shall be deposited in the Marijuana Value Tax User Fee Fund.

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(b) Moneys-Except as otherwise provided in Section 37006.3, moneys in the Marijuana-Value Tax User Fee Fund shall be allocated by the Controller annually as follows:

- (1) Thirty percent to the General Fund.
- (2) Thirty percent to the Bureau of Medical Marijuana Regulation for the administration of a grant program to distribute grants to local-agencies, including districts, agencies that oversee or are affected by the regulation of cultivating, processing, manufacturing, distributing, and selling of medical marijuana, or that undertake enforcement activities pertaining to the cultivation of marijuana in violation of state law or local ordinance, or that are involved in a fire suppression, emergency medical, or other "all-risk" response to a marijuana cultivation, processing, manufacturing, or distribution incident, upon appropriation by the Legislature. All local agencies, including districts, shall be eligible for the grants, including, but not limited to, law enforcement and zoning enforcement. The grants shall be made available beginning on or before July 1, 2018. No more than 5 percent of any funds allocated may be used for administrative costs of the grant program by the bureau or for any administrative costs of the local agency awarded the grant.
- (3) Twenty percent to the Department of Parks and Recreation for the stewardship, operation, maintenance, and preservation of state park units, including units operated on behalf of the state by local or regional agencies or by nonprofit organizations, upon appropriation by the Legislature. The department shall allocate to those local or regional agencies or nonprofit organizations a percentage of the funds received pursuant to this paragraph that is roughly proportional to the ratio of the number of units operated by the agencies or organizations to the number of units operated by the department.
- (4) (A) Twenty percent to counties for drug and alcohol treatment programs, distributed based on the ratio of each county's population to the total population of all counties, as set forth in the most recent E-1 Cities, Counties, and the State Population Estimates published by the Department of Finance, upon appropriation by the Legislature. Each county shall allocate funds received pursuant to this subdivision to the human services departments of cities within the county. Any funds appropriated

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shall be used for drug and alcohol treatment and recovery and case
 management services.

- (B) For purposes of this paragraph, "county" means a county mental health department, two or more county mental health departments acting jointly, or a city-operated program receiving funds pursuant to Section 5701.5 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.
- 37006.3. (a) Funds for the implementation and administration of this part shall be advanced to the Marijuana User Fee Fund as a General Fund or special fund loan, and shall be repaid by the initial revenues, less refunds, collected pursuant to this part.
- (b) Funds advanced or loaned to the Marijuana User Fee Fund pursuant to this section are hereby appropriated to the board for the implementation and administration of this part.
- (c) The Director of Finance may provide an initial operating loan from the General Fund to the Marijuana User Fee Fund that does not exceed five million dollars (\$5,000,000).
- 37006.5. Commencing 2018, and at least every other year thereafter, the Legislative Analyst shall review and evaluate the tax fee imposed by this part, and shall provide to the Senate Committees on Governance and Finance, Appropriations, and Budget and Fiscal Review, and to the Assembly Committees on Revenue and Taxation, Appropriations, and Budget, a report that makes recommendations regarding the tax rate of, allocations of revenue from, and any other adjustments to, the tax fee imposed by this part. The report shall include, but not be limited to, all of the following:
- 28 (a) Annual revenues.

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- 29 (b) Annual costs of implementing this part.
 - (c) Annual amounts allocated to all of the following:
- 31 (1) The General Fund.
- 32 (2) The Bureau of Medical Marijuana Regulation.
 - (3) The Department of Parks and Recreation.
- 34 (4) Counties, for drug and alcohol programs.
- 35 (d) Tax Fee compliance rates.
- (e) Board recommendations to improve effective and efficientadministration and enforcement of this part.
- 38 37007. Nothing in this part shall be interpreted to preclude a city, county, or city and county from enacting or continuing to enforce a local ordinance that imposes any—taxes fees, taxes, or

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1 other charges on the consumption or other use of medical 2 marijuana, as may be otherwise authorized by law.

37008. This part shall only become operative if Secretary of State Initiative Number 1762, also known as the Control, Regulate and Tax Adult Use of Marijuana Act, is not approved by the voters at the November 8, 2016, statewide general election and does not take effect.

SEC. 3. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution for certain costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school district because, in that regard, this act creates a new crime or infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution.

However, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that this act contains other costs mandated by the state, reimbursement to local agencies and school districts for those costs shall be made pursuant to Part 7 (commencing with Section 17500) of Division 4 of Title 2 of the Government Code.

SEC. 3. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution because the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution.